PERFORMANCE OF MR. LLOYD, THE ENGLISH TENOR-THE OTHER SOLOISTS. Cincinnati, May 23.-Mendelssohn's oratorio "St-Pestival this evening. The occasion was one which enabled the choir to get its best foot foremost and to rehabilitate itself to a considerable extent in the good opinion of the wise nen from the East, whose exstence was made misgable to-day by the unrestrained disposition of a whole community to argue the case ed by a few gentle strictures on the choral singing of the first evening. Great is the depth of mercy in the providence that brought the welcome occasion. Cincinnati's musical patriotism is not to be trifled with. Mr. Thomas has guarded against the ossibility of such a calamity by putting his lieutenant, Mees, at the monster organ with authority to open the floodgates of the thirty-two-foot diapason

stimulating his ordestral forces with a veritable Balaklavan ardor, but if the whole choral house had come tumbling about his ears it is doubtful if a Cincinnatian would idmit the catastrophe. Fortunately nothing of the kind is to be The choir sang the opening chorus and "Rise up, arise," superbly. The tonal volume was adequate, the quality fine, the precision admirable. If the standard quality the chiral performances of the stival of 1878 were applied, one might timidly suggest a few shortcomings, but Cincinnati refuses to have anything to do with the past. Her hilosophy is epturean. She is merry to-day and be merry in July, even if it should cost the last noble tree in Washington Park. The fine old elms that have been ruthlessly sacrificed

and all the other rigisters whenever necessary, and

to make room for a mastodon exposition building began to grow seventy-five years ago and are outside the rale of an enterprising vandal's sympathies after is the deluge.

Edward Lloyd, the English tenor, sang a thousand dollars' worth of reitatives in the oratorio. It was his first appearance in America, and he is under contract not to sing in any other American city on this visit. The earlesity excited by his appearance was great and the pleasure when he gave unquestioned. He has a marvellously pure and true voice, musical In as a man the highest order, albeit of the simply instincts of the highest order, albeit of the simply lyric type, and his singing exhibits the utmost refinement of taste. His manner is more familiar wiere it has had such exponents as Mr Simpson and Mr. Courtney, than here, and one might imagine a small portion of the 3,500 people who heard him to night confessing to themselves (after they had locked their chamber doors and put out the lights) that the Western ideal would be approached nearer if ie had more dramatic virility in his singing. The idea is one, moreover, which the recent seasons of opera at the Metropolitan Opera House have created in New-York. Boneless, sinewless, marrowless declaration is in danger of going out of vogue in this sturdy, masculine country, and the snave English style of eratorio interpretation is not accepted universally as the he-all-and-end-all of music. But it would not be understood as underrating Mr. Lloyd as a vocalist. In his line he is a singer of exquisite gifts and lovely accomplishments. There is not a flaw in his mechanical transfer and the delicers his connectation. In his line he is a singer of exquisite singular accomplishments. There is not a flaw in his mechanism, his phrasing is delicious, his canacitation a delight, his emission of tones a legson to all our singers, and his voice very beautiful indeed. His singing of fig. is thou faithful unto death brought out his hignest qualities and created an unbounded sending. The tenderness of its sentiment brought tears to those unused to the melting moods, and with it he swept the house. Mr. Lloyd's voice is not powerful in the lower register and he sang the air transposed a tone higher.

The other solo singers were Madame Glulia Valda, Miss Emma Cranch, Myron W. Whitney and Mr. Maish, a local basso with promising material in his larynx.

OPENING OF THE RUTLAND FESTIVAL. Rutland, Vt., May 23 (Special).-The fifth annual May Festival of the Rutland Music Festival Association began here to-night, the opening concert being attended by a large and fashionable audience. The chorus numbers 300 voices, and the musical organizations assisting at the festival comprise the Boston Germania Orchestra of thirty pieces, and the Temple Quariette, of Boston. The principal soloists are Mr. Whitrey Mockridge, tenor; Miss Emma Juch and Miss Hortense Piese, sopranos, and Mrs. Hattie J. Clapper, contralto; Perry Averill, baritone; and A. C. Ryder, basso. The festival is conducted by Carl Zerrahn, of Boston. The most notable feature of the programme to-night was the presentation of Afred R. Gaul's historic cantata, "Joan of Are," which was performed with full orchestra for the first time in America. The part of "Joan of Are," was sung by Miss Piese, the part of Philip by Mr. Mockridge, and that of Robert De Bandoucourt by Mr. Averill.

#### SETTING SAIL FOR EUROPE. MANY PASSENGERS ABOARD THE OUTGOING STEAM-ERS-THE LISTS.

Three ocean steamships left the harbor yesterday with a full complement of passengers who were will-ing to pass through the tribulations of ocean travel in order to spend the number months abroad. The North German Lloyd scamer Saale carried Captain Peter Allsgood, Dr. Augist Bantlin, Mr. and Mrs. Leopold Cahn, Bishop W. S. Doane, Mrs. W. Jennings Demorest, Mr. and Mrs. O. B. Frothingham, Dr. and Jonas Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Hugo Josephy, Dr. ege B, Shattuck, the Rev. F. H. Sicker and Mrs. Sicker and A. H. Wentworth.

The White Star steamer Germanic had among her passengers James Afflect, the Rev. S. Leroy Blake, . C. Barnes, the Rev. A.N. Barlow, J. W. A. Cluett, the Rev. Dr. David Cole, Edwin L. De Silva, the Rev. B. Donohue, J. B. Graften, the Rev. E. W. Gilman, Rev. Andrew Gray, the Rev. Dr. Moses Hill, Goeffrey Hernby, the Rev. J. N. Mulford, Dr. McDonald, Charles Northoff, Dr. C. B. Parker, Alfred Pike, Willfam M. Rockefeller, Charles W. Rockefeller, Bishop G. F. Seymour, of Springfield, 1ll.; Professor Charles J. Stile, the Rev. S. De Lancey Townsend, Dr. N. Wag ner, George R. Williams and R. J. Cortis, formerly agent of the White Star Line in this city.

The passenger list of the Red Star Line steamer Rhyniand included Mrs L. B. Monroe and daughters, Miss Ade Osgood, Jubs Revieaux, Beigian Consulsor W. R. Perkins, Dr. Lewis A. O'Brian, the Rev. J. A. Abern, F. E. Elwill, Alexander King and Phillip Hoffman.

# WEDDINGS PIST AND TO COME.

At St. Gabriel's Ronan Catholic Church in East Thirty-seventh-st., yesteriay morning at 9:30 o'clock, Miss Maggie Teresa O'lkirne was married to Dr. W. J. Coates. The marriage ceremony was performed by the Rev. Thomas Taafe, a cousin of the bride and rector of Si Patrick's thurch, of Brooklyn. The-rector of the church, Monsignor Harley, celebrated the nuptial mass which ollowed. The bride's sister, Miss Julia O'Beirne, was the maid of honor. C. J. Connolly acted as best man, and the ushers were Matthew O'Beirne, brother of the bride, William F. McCabe, Henry C. Coundly and James Reilly.

After the ceremony thre was a wedding breakfast at the bride's home, No. 307 East Thirty-seventh-st. The guests included exalderman Hugh F. Farrell, uncle of the bride, Mr. and Mrs. John J. Coates, parents of the groom, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Keenan, Mr. and J. C. O'Berne, of Albany, Mr. Mrs. E. D. Connolly, E. D. Farrell, Walters, Bernard Leavy, John Slater, the Rev. J. F. Quinn, of Tamffrille, Conn., the Rev. Peter Farrell, of Tremon, and Rev. Dr. McMahon, of St.

Farrell, of Tremori, and Rev. Dr. McMahon, of St. Gabriel's.
Cards were sent out yesterday for the wedding of Miss Margaret Ireland to Hillary Bell on Wednesday afternoon, June 6, it the Church of the Heavenly Rest. The pair will leave directly after for Nantucket, where they will pas the summer.

The wedding of Irs. Albert Gallatin, formerly Miss Zephita Heyward, to the Count Rohan de Chabot will take place in Paris on June 16. The witnesses for the bride will be Bockholst Cutting, her cousin, and Richard Corbin.

Miss Hattle Wood, daughter of J. Walter Wood, of South Orange, N. J. was married yesterday to Herman Haskier, of London. The coremony took place in the Church of the Holy Communion at South Orange, the Rev. Henry V. Degn, of Long Branch, officiating. The bride was attended by four maids and three jittle children. Walter Wood, brother of the bride, was best man. A receptiof followed at the house of the bride's parents. The couple will live in London.

LONDON ARTILLERISTS COMING OVER

The Honorable Artillery Company of London, founded in 1537, of which the Prince of Wales is now Colonel and the Duke of Portland Lieutenant-Colonel, has sent repre-sentatives to this country to join in the celebration of the 250th anniverary of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Massachusetts at Boston. The lelegation of twenty-two sailed by the Steamer Trave from Southampton on the 17th, and she is due to-morrow. They will be met by a committee of the Ancient and Honorables, and afer a brief stay at the Windsor Hotel will proceed to Washington and other cities. Upon re-turning to this city, they will go by the Fail River boat on June 2 to Boston, the Old Guard accompanying them under command of gajor George W. McLean.

MALL BOYS NOT ALLOWED IN THEATRES. John N. Cox is the ticket-seller and James W. Spencer to teket-taker for Manager H. R. Jacobs, now at the Thalla Theatre. Detective Chrystal yesterday arresfed them for admitting six loys, the youngest hine and the sidest, fourteen into the matinee yesterday. At the Tombs Court they were beld for trial, Mr. Jacobs becoming their bondsman. They pleaded ignorance of the level. IS THE MAYOR IN DANGER!

THE CORONER AND HIS JURY INDIGNANT.

THEY THREATEN TO RECALL HIM AND MAKE HIM

ANSWER QUESTIONS OR GO TO JAIL. Coroner Levy's jury, which is not only investi-gating the cause of Lineman Thomas Murray's death, but also is trying to ascertain what ought to be done with the electric light wires to render them harmless, feels sore over the snub administered to it on Tuesday by Mayor Hewitt, who flatly told the jurymen that it was none of their business to inquire about remedies, and curtly refused to answer any questions that had not a direct bearing on Murray's death. The jury would like to "get even" with Mayor Hewitt for that snub. So would Coroner Levy. Yesterday the jury debated with the Coroner the question whether they bave the right to demand answers from the Mayor; and, if so, whether they should have him summoned again as a witness; defy his anger; insist on answers to proper questions; and, if the Mayor refuses, have him committed for contempt. Foreman Lynch started the discussion, and he was vigorously supported by Juryman Califnan, who previously shown that he wasn't afraid of the Mayor's wrath. Said Foreman Lynch:

Vesterday we submitted to a great deal from the Mayor that we ought not to have been obliged to submit to. Now.
I should like to know, Mr. Coroner, if you have the right

Coroner Levy-I think that I have. Mr. Lynch—There is no man in New-York who can give us more intelligent answers than the Mayor if he pleases. He could place the responsibility where it belongs in five minutes. I suggest that he be recalled to-day or to-mor-

Coroner Levy-If that is the sense of the jury I will have him recalled.

Juryman Farrell-I don't believe that we would get any

benefit from that. \*He acted very disagreeably yesterday, and he would probably be in the same mood again. Juryman Well-Is it this jury's duty to find out merely the cause of Murray's death?

Coroner Levy-No, it has a great deal more than that to get at Juryman Well-Well, the Mayor informed us yesterday

that our duties ceased when we had found out the cause of Murray's death. Coroner Levy (warmly)-The Mayor's opinions about the

duty of a coroner and a coroner's jury are decidedly faulty.

As the law new stands, the coroner has the power of magistrate. If you find out in this case that any official, whether it be the Mayor of New-York or any other official, has been derelict in his duty, you have the right to censure him in your verdict. Juryman Callinan-If you have the power to compel the

Mayor to answer questions I would like to see the Mayor Coroner Levy (facetiously)-Are you not afraid to see

Juryman Callinan (heroically)-I have never been afraid to face any man when I was in the right. The Chief Magistrate of this city, sitting in that chair yesterday, deliberately and insolently refused to answer questions which you considered pertinent. If I had been in your place with the power to commut him he would have gone to Ludlow Street Jail or the Tombs; it was a deliberate,

Ludiow Street Jail or the Tembs; it was a deliberate, downright, squarely-meant insult.

Mr. Callinan sat down with the air of a man who was conscious that he had discharged his duty and deserved well of his country.

The discussion waxed warm, and nearly every member of the jury took a hand in it. Coroner Levy said that the Mayor's conduct was "exceedingly reprehensible." One juryman thought it would not be advisable to get the Mayor back, because it would make "a bears' pit" of the courtroom. Juryman Callinan, pertinacious and pugnacious, closed the debate. He said that he had on Tuesday asked the Mayor the exceedingly because I would make "a bears pit of the conterroom. Juryman Callinan, pertinacious and pugnacious, closed the debate. He said that he had
on Tuesday asked the Mayor the exceedingly
proper, respectful and pertinent question why the
wires were not under ground where the subways
had been constructed, and the Mayor had refused
to answer, "on the ground that we were going on
a fishing excursion." He wanted the Mayor to
answer that question, or stay in the Tombs or
Ludlow Street Jail until he had purged himself
of his contempt. It was ultimately decided that
the question of recalling Mayor Hewitt should be
left to Coroner Levy, and an adjournment was
taken until 2 o'clock on Monday afternoon, so
that he might have plenty of time to think the
matter over. The Coroner declared that he was
not afraid of the Mayor, and when he got on the
witness-stand would be well leaded with questions. If he refused to answer the questions, then
he would have to take the consequences, however
dire they might be.

The jury didn't receive any enlightenment from
the testimony that was elicited. Charles W.

re they might be.
The jury didn't receive any enlightenment from
The jury didn't receive any enlightenment from
Charles W. The jury didn't receive any enlightenment from the testimony that was elicited. Charles W. Pearce, assistant superintendent of the Brush Company, couldn't understand how Murray met with his death. Chief Shay, of the Fire Department, said that the electric light wires caused twenty-two fires last year. John Richardson, superintendent of the Bureau of Incumbrances, was of the orinion that he had no authority to remove electric light wires and poles.

### MRS, STEWART'S INCOME AND EXPENSES. THE WILL CASE ADJOURNED UNTIL JUNE 18-MR.

of yesterday that sometimes approached flattery. Mr. Anstey took his accustomed place on the witness stand and Mr. Root produced a list of footings of entries in the books shown on Tuesday, which the witness be lieved were substantially correct. The footings were

PAID BY MRS. STEWART IN 1876. Legacies Gratuities to old employes ("Roll of Honor") Annuities to the Misses Morrow Charities, other than the Garden City Cathedral 6492,525

Total . PAID SINCE 1876.

Charities other than the Garden City Cathedral Annuities to the Misses Morrow

| Total | #8136.355 | PAID TO MRS. STEWART'S RELATIVES DURING HER WIDOWHOOD, EXCLUSIVE OF HOUSES AND FUNISHINGS. | #47.500 | \$210,649 | \$47.500 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 | \$100,649 

Stewart paid for furnishing houses for relatives, including carpets and silver and glassware, besides goods bought for them at the store, might amount to about \$200,000. On Mr. Choate's objection to one of Mr. Root's questions, Mr. Root replied: "I have been for years trying to imitate my brother and senior at the bar, Mr. Choate, and now I am criticised for it."

Mr. Choate-I don't criticise you; I think you are doing

Mr. Root-In addition to the sources of income shown in their five books, do you know of any other sources of income Mrs. Stewart had during her life? A .- I do not. Q .- Independent of any such knowledge do you know of any receipt of income by Judge Hilton for Mrs. Stew-

Q.-In regard to the \$700,000 mortgage that has been referred to, do you find an entry in this book in respect to that! A.-I find under date of February 19, 1883, "Credit per Henry Hilton, \$700,000." Q .- You were asked by Mr. Cheate how you accounted

for the fact that in view of the large income received by Mrs. Stewart she died in debt to Judge Hilton \$1,000,000. Is it not a fact that, as appears from these books, she expended during her lifetime upwards of \$1,000,000 more than the received. than she received?

Mr. Choate objected to this and Mr. Root remodelled it, but in the end was ruled out and Mr. Root noted an exception. Mr. Root was now done with the witness, but Mr. Choate could not cross-examine him further till he had time to look further into the account books, and as Mr. Hopkins could not be produced at this stage the case was adjourned. It will go on on June 18, if another case before the Surrogate permits, and on June 19 certainly.

LADIES' NIGHT AT THE BERKELBY LYCEUM. Last night was "ladies' night" at the Berkeley Lyceum and about 100 women with their escorts witnessed the games of the Berkeley Athletic Club, after inspect ing and admiring the beautiful building. The exhibitions included a tug-of-war, tumbling and evolutions on the rings, the trapeze and the horizontal bars.

REGISTER ELEVIN'S CASE COMES UP. Justice O'Reilly, at Jefferson Market Court, ye terday, resumed the examination in the criminal libel suft of Register James J. Slevin against the four lawyers, Lewis Sanders, John Webber, Edwin W. Coggeshall and John T. Lockman. Nelson T. Sampson formerly a searcher in the Register's office, at present in the employ of the German American Title Company; was the first witness called. He testified tha he received and returned the searches within twenty days, marked the papers and handed them to a clerk, who placed them in pigeonioles and kept them until called for. Sometimes two or three days would pass after the expiration of twenty days before a lawyer would call for the searches. For expedited searches he received extra compensation. It was a practice not to return the searches before the expiration of twenty days. When the office was pressed with business, Register Slevin had a conference with the

last year, Sampson swore, he could have done his work had it been handed to him. On several occasions sometimes once or twice a week for a month or six weeks, he was compelled to wait from half an hour to two hours before the clerk would hand him a search. The case will go on again to-day.

the class that came up to her was not properly pre pared. She wrote to Mr. Jasper that such was the case and said that she had appealed to the principal in vain. Mr Jasper took no notice of her appeal. that if he noticed all such comsaying afterward plaints he would have time for little clse. But in time she received three "fair marks," compelling a teacher to appear before the Teachers' Committee of the Board of Education. After receiving her second "fair" mark, Miss Fitz Gibbon said Mr. Jasper offered to transfer her, but she refused his offer.

"In October, 1885," she said, "I resigned, but in March, 1885, Mr. Jasper had told me that he was sorry that the trustees of my ward and the three school respectors had reested him to re-examine me. I told him that it was an outrage and told him that he was responsible

for my receiving the 'fair' marks."

In Miss Fitz Gibbon's testimony later on, and through Gilbert Crawford's questions, it appeared that Mr. Jasper was required by the by-laws of the Board of Education to re-examine teachers when requested to do so by the school trustees. He appointed two dates for Miss Fitz Gibbon, but she failed to appear at either. She admitted later that she did wrong. A document signed by principals in Miss Fitz Gibbon's document signed by principals in Miss Fitz Gibbon's ward was put in evidence, which read; "The undersigned, principals in the Twenty-first Ward, have never been offered nor refused Kats Fitz Gibbon." This was signed by six teachers. Mr. Crawford remarked that he was sorry to find school teachers, signing such an ungrammatical document. Mr. sprague referred that it was the result of the present system. This document was considered to be strong evidence against Mr. Jasper, because it was alleged that he had told Miss Fitz Gibbon that there was no place for her in that ward.

Fitz Gibbon that there was no place for her in that ward.

Mr. Sprague said that in the next charge against Mr. Jasper he should attack the marking system examinations and Mr. Jasper's competerey. He held Mr. Jasper responsible as the head of the educational system for its failures. Commissioner Lummis, who is neutral, said that it was absurd to make Mr. Jasper responsible for the enactments of the isoard of Education. Commissioner Vermilye took the same ground, and Mr. Sprague was accordingly limited to specific charges.

Miss Tuckelew testified that the school trustees in her ward wanted her object system retained, and that E Ellery Anderson had once offered to plead for it before the Board.

The hearing will go on to-day at 2 p. m.

TRYING TO BLOCK THE WHEELS OF PROGRESS. Channey M. Depew was asked yesterday by a "Tribune" reporter for his opinion about the action of the Aldermen in refusing permission to the New-York and Harlem Kailroad to Introduce electric street cars on the Fourth-ave. line below Fourteenth-st. Mr. Depew said: "The Board of Aldermen have blocked the introduction of a system which would be a great benefit to the public. The electric cars are in use in Brussels, and have proved a thorough suc-cess. The experimental car we have here has met every argument against it. It is noiseless, smoothrunning, cleanly, well-lighted by electricity, and it was shown to the Board of Aldermen that it is not liable to break down, that one motor is strong enough to push three cars should the storage batteries give out, and that a car can run off the track and on again without any trouble. The people living along the line are delighted with it, and were hopeful that the jingling, horsey-smelling, gloomy cars now in use would be replaced. As far as any danger from the electricity is concerned, I only want to say that Aldermen are proverbially timid. Alderman Dowling. I am sure, would scaro at a balky street-car horse.

The Aldermen are simply following out their rule In contrast with the little disagreements between the counsel in the Stewart will case on Tuesday, there was a degree of harmony displayed at the short session to try to impede the wheels of progress, until they find out that the wheels will persist in moving despite their efforts. The company has not yet made any plans based on the action of the Board. We have the right to run above rourteenth-st, and may do so, transferring to horse-cars at Fourteenth-st. How-ever, we shall wait awhile, to see whether the Akier-men will not fall into line with progress.

> WESTCHESTER DEMOCRATS GO TO LAW. An interesting political fight in Westchester County has just been decided by Justice Pratt, of

Brooklyn. At the fown caucus at Cortlandt last spring George V. B. Frost was elected a member of the Westchester County Democratic Committee. That body refused to admit him as a member and ordered a new election. The town of Cortlandt, ignoring this order, immediately appointed Mr. Frost County Committeeman to fill the vacancy caused by the refusal to admit him, and a mandamus was at once issued forbidding the new election and to compel the County Committee to admit Mr. Frost. Justice Pratt has just decided that while Frost is legally a member of the County Committee, the proceedings will not of the County Committee, the proceedings will not lie because the County Committee has not declined to admit him as a member slace his appointment by his town committee. If upon their reassembling they decline to admit Mr. Frost, the justice says, the courts can be invoked to compel them to do so.

MICHIGAN'S CANDIDATE GOES HOME.

General R. A. Aiger went home to Michigan last night, but he has left his lieutenants on this pivotal spot in the political contest. He has displayed while here an appreciation of the similarity between the clash of soldiery and the clash of voters which may go far toward giving him future prominence in the party councils whatever this year may hold in store for him. He regards New-York, New-Jersey and Connecticut as the centre of the fight, and like a wise commander believes that the soldiers in the centre should have a leader in the fray satisfactory to them should have a leaser in the ray satisfactory to their selves, regardless of the rest of the line, which is strong enough to take care of itself. He is, of course, anxious to have that leadership entrusted to himself, and is frank in saying so, but he will not cry over it if the choice falls elsewhere. General Alger spent Tuesday at the home of the venerable statesman of Pennsylvania, General Simon Cameron, who is reported to favor the Michigan man for President.

ANGLERS HOLD THEIR ANNUAL TOURNAMENT. The sixth annual anglers' tournament of the Na-tional Red and Reel Association opened at Harlem Mere, Central Park, yesterday morning shortly after 10 o'clock. Except for a light and changeable breeze, which frequently interfered with the impetus of the leader and fly, the weather was favorable. while the water was in the best possible condition better. for judging distances and accuracy. There was or no improvement in the methods of "laying out." but in two instances all previous records were contest was a single-handed fly-casting for amateurs. Robert B. Lawrence was awarded the first prize, a gold medal. His score broke the record of 1887 by 2 feet.

The next class—a "switch" fly-casting—was won by H. W. Hawes, with a total of niner.

The next class—a "switch" fly-casting—was won by H. W. Hawes, with a total of inneity-four points. In the salmon fly-casting which followed, H. W. Hawes broke the best previous record by 6 feet, with a cast of 138 feet. In the single-handed fly-casting, for exports, which closed the first day's series, R. C. Leonard succeeded in breaking his own record of 1887 by 5 1.2 feet, making a cast of 102 1.2 feet. The tournament will continue to-day, with five more classes on the list to be contested.

Even the soldiers who fought for the North and for the South are restored to fraternity and unity. This fraternity and unity. This fraternity and unity is taught and enjoined by our Church when shall she herself be united with all the added strength and usefulness that harmony and union insurer Mrs. Cleveland stood by her husband's side while he was speaking and appeared much interested in the reminiscences of his boyhood days. His ref-

CHILDREN PLANT POTATOES FOR THE POOR. The Sunday-school children of the Union Congregational Church of Richmond Hill, Long Island, have taken hold of the problem of poverty in the slums of New-York in a way entirely novel as well as practical. A cry for potatoes reached them last fall from the Five A cry for potators where the practical plan is pursued of feeding the stomachs of the little ones while instructing their minds. The potatoes, the main staple of the mission, had almost given out and there were hungry times ahead. The Sunday-school jumped right into the breach. The children gathered together all the available potatoes of the neighborhood and sent them to the mission in big sacks. Then they resolved them-selves into the "Richmond Hill Potato Patch," with business, Register Slevin had a conference with the clerk and had him remain in the office from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. for the purpose of getting through with the and cultivating themselves, and to gather the crop.

#### PRESBYTERIAN GREETINGS.

A WELCOME TO MR. AND MRS. CLEVELAND AND THE SOUTHERN ASSEMBLY.

weeks, he was compeied to wait from haif at hour to two hours before the clerk would hand him a search. The case will go on signil to-day.

THE GRIEFANCES OF TWO TEACHERS.
FOINTS BROUGHT OUT IN THE INVESTIGATION OF SUPERINTENDENT JASPER'S CONDUCT.

Some school teachers, including the few who are opposed to John Jasper, Superintendent of the Public Schools, watched the session yesterday of the Jasper Investigating Committee. Henry 19 Sprage, who is conducting the investigation, had Miss Kara A GRIEFINGS DAY.

Filiadelphia, May 23 (Special).—The General Assembly, a state of the Presbyterian Church is nearing investigating the many a half-sufficated with the proposed to John Jasper, Superintendent of the Public Schools, was treated by Mr. Jasper that she was compelled to do so through Mr. Jasper's unfairness. Miss Buckelew is the author of a series of object lessons taught in some of the States, which were used in the public schools here until Mr. Jasper lacks troadness.

Miss Fitz Gibbon was directed that they be given up. Miss Buckelew thinks that Mr. Jasper lacks troadness.

Miss Buckelew thinks that Mr. Jasper lacks troadness.

Miss Fitz Gibbon was the first witness. She is about forty years old. In 1860 she was appointed a teacher in Primary School No. 20, and was made vice principal in Primary School No. 20, and was made vice principal in Primary School No. 20, and was made vice principal in Primary School No. 20, and was made vice principal in Primary School No. 20, and was made vice principal in Primary School No. 20, and was made vice principal in Primary School No. 10 when it was organized to 1860. The principal of the latter school was Miss Sarah McCaffrey, and Miss Fitz Gibbon does not like her. Their relations were strated. Miss Hitz Gibbon found about sky years ago, she said, that the class that came up to her was not properly prenared. The present the president would be added to the hands of all who dee'ed it, had to take back limit. The Cather of its of the Connect of the Presbyterian Church is nea ministers, expressed his indebtedness to the teaching in the home and the church of sound Presbyterian doctrine. The indebtedness of the Nation to the Presbyterian clergy is a familiar theme for enthusiastic followers of Calvin and Knox. But history bears this record which may well be recalled to-day, when President Cleveland acknowledges his obligations to this church.

"I do not know one Presbyterian minister," wrote Dr. Inglis, the Tory rector of Trinity Church, New-York, in October, 1776, "I do not know one Presbyterian minister, nor have I been able, after strict inquiry, to hear of any, who did not by preaching and every effort in his power promote all the measures of the Colonial Congress however extravagant."

promote all the measures of the Colonial Congress however extravagant.

Little business has been transacted to-day. The reunion has begun. No one wants to work. The fraternal delegates were received in the forenoon. Dr. Storrs, the able representative of the Congregational body, reported in behalf of his demonination. His address was brilliant—his addresses always are; he was applauded to the echo decrator began to announce the sister Church which he represented, the applause broke out afresh. Again and again it was repeated during his speech, and at its close Dr. Crosby and others hastened to the platform to grasp his hand. Dr. E. P. Terhune spoke for the Reformed Dutch Church. His reference to his early life spent amid the surroundings of Presearch of the two hodies were well received. Dr. byterianism and his plea for unity of purpose an action of the two bodies were well received. Du Thompson, the moderator and editor as well as clergyman, spoke in response to the delegates in clear-cut, incisive sentences, expressing to each representative. representative a pleasant greeting, a reference to the peculiar history of each denomination, adding a few personal words in behalf of the General Assembly. Dr. Storrs spoke last and Dr. Thomp-son's reply to him was only equalled by the address to which he responded. The Assembly adjourned at noon to meet again on Friday morning. In the

at noon to meet again on Friday morning. In the afternoon the members went to a reception given to both Assembles and President and Mrs. Clevelland and in the evening to a similar reception where they were accompanied by their wives and thousands of friends.

The fraternal delegates in the morning were introduced to the Moderator by the Rev. Robert Christie, chairman of the Committee on Correspondence. Corresponding delegates from sister religious bodies were present. These were the Rev. William W. Barr, of the United Presbyterian Church; the Rev. James Crawford, of the Reformed S. Storrs, of the Congregational Churches; and the Rev. Dr. George W. Huntington, of the Reformed Ediscopal Church. Fraternal greetings were read from the General Synod of the Reformed Churches of France and from the Presbyterian General Assembly of Canada. The Rev. James Crawford, the delegate from the Reformed Church in the United States, then delivered an eloquent address of salutation from that body. The Assembly broke into a double round of applause when he expressed the sentiment that the Reformed and Presbyterian Churches might at some time be one in fact as they were now one in Christian spirit and fellowship. Dr. Storrs was in his most eloquent vein in his address of greeting from the Congregational General Council.

In the afternoon a special train bore nearly all the members of the Assembly to Overbrook, five miles out of the city, the beautiful home of Mr.

eloquent vein in his address of greeting from the Congregational General Council.

In the afternoon a special train bore nearly all the members of the Assembly to Overbrook, five miles out of the city, the heautiful home of Mr. and Mrs. Wistar Morris. After being greeted by their hosts the commissioners chatted for fifteen or twenty minutes, when another special train, this time from Baltimore, drew up at the station, and the members of the Southern Assembly were face to face with their Northern brethren. Not in twenty-seven years had the great Presbytrian Church been so nearly one. As the Southern representatives approached the house, the Northern men formed in two files and those who live below the line, now imaginary, which was once called Mason and Dixon's, passed between them. President and Mrs. Cleveland, who had arrived on an earlier train, and were in the house, now came forward and were introduced to the moderators of the two Assemblies. Prayer was öffered by the Rev. Dr. Bullock, the Southern Moderator. Mr. Cleveland then made the following address which was annualed and many times:

Mr. Cleveland then made the following address which was applauded many times:

I am very much gratified by the opportunity here at-

forded me to meet the representatives of the Presbyterian Church. Surely a man never should less his interest in the welfare of the church in which he was reared; and yet I will not find fault with any of you who deem it a sad I will not find fault with any of you who deem to a confession made, when I acknowledge that I must recall the days now long past, to find my closest relation to the grand and noble denomination which you represent. I say this because those of us who inherit featty to our church as I did, begin early to learn those things which make us Presbyterians all the days of our lives; and thus the ricers of our early teaching, by which we make us Prosbyterians all the days of our lives, and thus it is that the rigors of our early teaching, by which we are grounded in our lasting allegiance, are especially vivid and perhaps the best remembered. The attendance upon church service three times each Sunday and upon Sabbath-school during the noon intermission may be irksome enough to a boy of ten or twelve years of age to be well fixed in his memory; but I have never known a man who regretted those things in the years of his maturity. The shorter catechism, though thoroughly studied and learned, was not perhaps at the time perfectly understoed; and yet in the stern labors and duties of after life those are not apt to be the worst citizens who were early taught

"What is the chief end of man?"

Speaking of these things and in the presence of those here assembled the most tender thoughts crowd upon my mind-all connected with Presbyterianism and its teachings. There are at present with me now memories of kind and affectionate father, consecrated to the caus and called to his rest and his reward in the midday of his usefulness; a sacred recollection of the prayers and plous tove of a sainted mother, and a family circle hallowed and sanctified by the spirit of Presbyterianism.

I certainly cannot but express the wish and hope that

I certainly cannot but express the wish and hope that the Presbyterian Church will always be at the front in every movement which promises the temporal as well as the spiritual advancement of mankind. In the turmoil and the busile of everyday life few men are footish enough to ignore the practical value to our people and our coun-try of the church organizations established among us, and the advantage of Christian example and teaching. The field is vast and the work sufficient to engage the efforts of every sect and denomination; but I am inclined to believe that the Church which is most tolerant and conservative without loss of spiritual strength will soones find the way to the hearts and affections of the people while we may be pardoned for insisting that our denom ination is the best, we may, I think, safely concede much that is good to all other churches that seek to make men

I am here to greet the delegates of two General As semblies of the Presbyterian Church. One is called "North" and the other "South." The subject is too deep and intricate for me, but I cannot help wondering why this should be. These words, so far as they denote separation and estrangement, should be obsolete. In the country they no longer mean correctly and antaronism. country they no longer mean reproach and antagonism Even the soldiers who fought for the North and for the

the reminiscences of his boyhood days. His reference to the shorter catechism, and his knowledge of the " chief end of man," were loudly applauded. Dr. Thompson pronounced the benediction. All the commissioners from both assemblies, 600 in all, then shook hands with the President and his wife, after which all partook of a bountiful luncheon served in a large tent on the spacious lawn. The Southern members took their train for this city after all had joined in singing "Praise God from whom all blessings flow." As the train started they were loudly cheered. President and Mrs. Cleveland, Governor and Mrs. Beaver, the Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Wood and J. Randolph Tucker, dined with Mr. and Mrs. Morris.

At the reception given this evening in the Academy of Fine Arts, at Broad and Cherry sts., nearly 4,000 people were present. Congratulatory speeches, brimful of brotherly love and all breathing the spirit of fraternal union, were made by Governor Beaver, the two Moderators and others. Then President and Mrs. Cleveland entered the Academy and the Dr. Thompson pronounced the benediction. All

crowd, through which it was difficult to pass before, became a solid my s upon which a police-man could make no impression and which could be penetrated only by a lady who threatened to faint. Even the Preside't, who agreed to shake the hands of all who des'red it, had to take back

POSTPONING THE CASE OF DR. WOODROW.

Baltimore, May 23 (Special).—The delegates to the Southern Assembly of the Presbyterian Church hurried through their work to-day in order to go to Philadelphia. The case of Dr. Woodrow will be resumed on Friday. The Rev. G. B. Strickler reported that the Rev. L. C. Bass, of North Carolina, the Rev. E. B. Junkin, of Texas; E. W. McCorkle, of New-York, and G. W. Law, of South Carolina, had been appointed to fill vacancies in the committee to represent the as-sembly in the Pan-Presbyterian Council, which meets in London in July.

#### OBITUARY. DR. ALLAN MACY BUTLER.

Dr. Allan Macy Butler, the senior assistant house physician at the Roosevelt Hospital, died there on Monday night of acute peritonitis after a short illness. Dr. Butler was the fourth son of Benjamin F. Butler, of this city, and was twenty-six years old. On his father's side he was a grandson of Benjamin F. But ler, for many years a prominent lawyer of this State and at one time Attorney-General of the United States; on his mother's side he was a grandson of Dr. Willard Parker, of this city. Dr. Butler was a graduate of St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., of Harvard University, class of 1884, and of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, class of 1887. He entered on his studies at the Roosevelt Hospital a year ago and gave promise of a career of great usefulness. At Harvard he was one of the best-liked students of his class and stood high in rank. The funeral will take place to-day at 9:39 a.m., at the home of his uncle, Dr. D. M. Stimson, No. 11 West Seventeenth-st.

P. S. WYNKOOP.

Hudson, N. Y., May 23 (Special) .- P. S. Wynkoop, of this city, died suddenly in Buffalo yesterday, age seventy. He had been Mayor of Hudson and Treasurer of Columbia County. He organized the First National Bank of Hudson, and for over forty years was in the bookselling business. He is well known among the entire book and publishing trade of the country. In the Dutch Reformed Church he been elder, deacon and Sunday-school superintendent. He leaves a widow, three daughters and three sons one of whom is Henry M. Wynkoop, of New-York City

REPUBLICANS PARADE IN BROOKLYN. C. D. Burrows, jr., of Brooklyn, president of the Fifteenth Ward Republican Club, was recently elected Presidential elector of the Vth Congress District, and last night the members of the club celebrated the occasion by giving him a serenade at his home in Ainsley-st. With the 150 members of the club were 125 nembers of the Fifteenth Ward Battery, led by H. C. Lapberen. Mr Burrows made a short speech, dealing principally with the tariff question. After the serenade the organization marched through many of the streets in the district to E. J. Eisner's store, where a lunch was had.

## THE PRESIDENTIAL CANVASS.

HOW THE NORTHWEST COULD WIN NOTICE. From The Utica Herald.

From The Utica Herald.

The strength of the several candidates for the Republican nomination for President who reside west of the Alleghanies is one of the factors which will be considered in determining the action of the National Convention. If the delegates from the Northwest should be able to array a decided majority of their numbers for any one, he would at once command very favorable attention.

DEPEW STRONG IN NEW-YORK AND NEAR BY. From The Auburn Advertiser.

What man living can carry New-York State if Chauncey M. Depew cannot? What man has better backing for carrying the State than he? And he can carry Connecticut and New-Jersey! This being so carry Connecticut and New-Jersey! This being so why would be not make a strong candidate particularly if Gresham were on the second place. If the Republican party wants New-York State in order to win, we have shown how to get it.

BLAINE AND GRESHAM IN THE LEAD. From The Tarrytown Argus.

From The Tarrytown Argus.

The charges to be noted in the ante-Convention canvass are the remarkable manifestations of Blaine's growing strength and the purposefulness of a large portion of the party to nominate him without regard to his Florence letter and subsequent declarations, and the coming into the field of Gresham with a more determinate and numerous following than had been supposed possible since Harrison had the vote of Indiana, from which the former halls.

THE WEST LIKELY TO UNITE ON SHERMAN.

THE WEST LIKELY TO UNITE ON SHERMAN.

From The Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.

We are of the opinion that if a contest should be between Sherman and Gresham, the vote of the States cast of the Alleghanies would be almost unanimous for Sherman, and we see many chances of the nomination of Sherman. But in case Sherman should not be the nominee, the drift of the Convention will be toward one who has not been presented in war paint with his red tomahawk in hand. ALLISON'S PROSPECTS BRIGHTENING.

Allison's Prospects Baldinizated.

The candidacy of Senator Allison is meeting with almost unlooked for support even by his most enthusisastic and sanguine friends. With Blaine out of the way, and Depew not a candidate, and Gresham losing his own State, the prospects of Allison grow brighter as each successive convention is held.

A MISAPPREHENSION NOTICED.

From The Topeka Capital.

One of the latest freaks of The New-York Post is that Blaine's popularity is suffering in the West and has really been almost extinguished. The citizen of the Evening Post is not informed about the West. A POINT IN HARRISON'S FAVOR.

A POINT IN HARRISONS PAVOR.

From The Warsaw (Ind.) Times.

Why is it that the Democratic journals all over the country, but espec'ally in Indians, prefer the nomination of Gresham over Harrison by the Republicans for the Presidency? It is because they know that Harrison would sweep the State, and that Gresham could not do so, leaving the field clear for the "Buffalo Sheriff."

NEW-YORK SETS A GOOD EXAMPLE.

NEW-YORK SETS A GOOD EXAMPLE.

From The Des Moines Register.

Although Mr. Depew was clearly the favorite of a large part of the Convention and of nearly all of the delegates in case Mr. Blaine were not a candidate, yet the Convention refrained from instructing for him or even from indicating in a formal way its preference for him. The leaders of the party want the same harmony and good will to be felt at Chicago that they felt at Buffalo. So they leave the choice of the candidate, so far as they are concerned, to the wisdom and judgment of the representatives of the party when they meet at the National Convention. It is not unreasonable therefore to hope that the candidate who shall then be nominated will carry the great State of New-York this fall. BLAINE HELPED BY THE FLORENCE LETTER.

From The Syracuse Journal. From The Syracuse Journal.

The effect of the Florence letter has been on the whole favorable to Blaine. . . . Should be be made the Chicago nomines, it will be solely at the demand of the Republican party, because of his own especial fitness for leadership and on the concession that he is the one man above all others who most surely will lead to success.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

GOVERNMENT INDICATIONS-FOR 24 HOURS. WASHINGTON, May 23.—For Maine, New-Hamps hire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island and Eastern New-York, slightly warmer, fair weather, preceded by local rains in Massachusetts, Connecticut and Eastern New York, light to fresh southeasterly winds,

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.



In the diagram a constnuous line shows the baremeter fluctuations yesterday, as observed in the United States and the Constant of the Constant of the Constant of the Constant the temperature noted at Hudhut's pharmacy, 218 Broad-

TRIBUNE OFFICE, May 24, 1 a. m .- It was fair awhile yes

neon. The temperature ranged between 53° and 61°, the average (57°s) being 13°s° lower than on the corresponding day last year, and 4°s° lower than on Tue day.

In and near this city to-day there will probably be

rain, fellowed by warmer, fair weather, IN HIGH FAVOR.

As one and all are well aware,
Allege 's Porous Plasters share
Alege high favor everywhere.

A. Bogardus, Photograph Parlors, 11 East 421-st, for more Broadway, implicates at short notice from 40,008 negatives. Open Deceration 100.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

The Best High-Class Cigarettes. Kinney Broa, Special Favours. MARRIED.

TOWNSEND-KING.—At Grace Church Chantry, New-York, on Tuesday, May 22, 1883, by the Rev. Edwin Harwood, D. D., Rector of Trinite Church, New-Haven, assisted by the Rev. William R. Hantington, D. D., Rector of the parish, Stephen Van Rensselaer Tuypsend to Janst Ecklerd, daughter of Colonel Cornelius Low King, of Bellows Falls, Vermont.

Notices of marriages must be indorsed with full name

#### DIED.

ALLISON-On Wednesday, May 23, 1883, after a short ill-ness, Mary Morgan, widow of the late John Allison, of this ness, Mary Morgan, widew city. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BONANNO-On Wednesday, May 23,1888, at 3 o'clock, at her late residence, 608 Lexington-ave, Isabelle Louise, wife of Giuseppe Bonanno, and daughter of Napoleon and Louise Sarony, in the 24th year of her age.

Friends are invited to attend her funeral on Saturtay, at St. Aguese Church, 436-at, near-34-ave, at 10:30 a.m. St. Agnese Church, 43d.st., near-St.ave., at 10:30 a. m.
BUTLEE.—At Hoosevelt Hospital, on May 21, of peritonitis, in the 25th year of his are. Dr. Allan Many Butler, senior assistant physician at that hespital, tourth son of Eilen G. and the late healanin F. Butler, and grandson of the late Dr. Willard Parker.

Belatives and friends are invited to extend the funeral at the residence of his uncle, Dr. B. M. Stimson, No. 11 West 17th.st., on Thursday, May 24, at 9:30 a. m.
It is requested that no downer be self.
Boston and Philatelphia papers please copy.

CON—On May 22, at her residence, 256 Clinton-ava, Brooklyb, An Eliza Cox, wife of Stephen P. Cox, and daughter of the late David B. Young.

Funeral services Friday, at 5 p. m. Relatives and friends are invited to attend.

Burlaid a convenience of the family.

Kindly omit dewers.

DOSCHER-ON May 22, in New-York City, Mary E., widow

DOSCHER—On May 22, in New-York City, Mary E., widow of Martin Doscher, and 65 years.
Funeral services at her late residence, 2,056 Madison ave., corner 130th-st. New-York, at 8 o'clock, Phursday evening, May 24. Burial on Friday, at Southport, Confl.

EARLE—In this city, on Tacsday, May 22, 1888, Abraham Lent Karle, aged 70 years.

Finneral service in the Washington Heights Preshyterian Church on Thursday afternoon, May 24, at 4 o'clock, Take Rivated Railroad to 125th-st, and Cable Railway to 10th-ave, and 155th-st. GROSVENOR—At Middletown, Conn., Tuesday, May 22, Samuel Howe Grosvenor, in the 6ath year of his age. Funeral services at Middletown, Conn.
Burial at Norwich, Conn.

HOLDEN—Entered into rest, May 22, 1893, James Madison. Holden, aged 64 years, Interment in Greenwood, Boston papers please copy.

Hossey-Suddenly, at Ovater Bay, Long Island, on Tues-day, May 22, Samuel F. Horsey, eldest con of the late Joseph Horsey, aged 68 years. Funeral at his late residence, on Friday, at 1 o'clock p. m. Carriages will be in waiting at Syovest Station on arrival of the 9 o'clock train from Long island City. Interment at Greenwood Saturday, at 10 a. m.

Interment at Green wood Saturday, at 10 a.m.,
MARTIN-On Tuesday, May 22, 1888, Samuel Martin, in
the 86th year of his age,
Funeral services will be held at the Second U. P. Church, on
Hancock-ave., near Bowers-st., Jersey City Heights, on
Friday, May 25, at 1 o'clock.
Relatives and friends are invited to attend. MACGOWAN—At Wakedeld, Westchester Co., New-York, Ellen A., the beloved wife of Denton E. Macgowan. Notice of interment in Friday's papers.

MATHER—At his residence, Williamstown, Mass., May 22, Benjamin F. Mather, in the 78th year of his age. McDOUGALL—On Tuesday, May 22, Matthew McDougall, aged 69 years.
Funeral services at his late residence, 444 West 24th-st., on Thursday, May 24, at No'clock in m.
Friends are invited to attend. Burial at convenience of the family. family.
It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent. PERRY-On the 22d inst, at Short Hills, N. J., Isabel Tifany, wife of Charles B. Porry. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at Short Hills, on Friday, May 25, at 12:30 p. m. Train leaves Barclay and Christopher sts. forries at 11:10

a. m.
Interment at Woodlawn.
SHAUGHNESSY—On Wednesday, May 23, 1833, at Grand
Hotel, New-York City, after a short illness, Eduora, beloved wife of Michael Shangnessy. of Sufferns, N. Y., and
daughter of the late R. W. Mustin, esq., off Carrollion,
Ala., in the Stin year of her age.
Fungral Friday morning, at 11 o'clock, from St. Leo's
Church, 28th-st., between 5th and Madison ayes, where arequiem mass will be offered up for the repose of her soul.
Western and Southern pupers places 6007.
SMITH—On Tuesday, May 22, at the residence of her son islaw, Thomas T. Kinchi, 178 Macen st., Brocklyn, Hannah
Oakley, widow of Jeel Smith, late of Perth Amboy, N. J.
Intermest at Perth Amboy on Friday.
SOUTHACK—On May 21, Ella Louise, ellest daughter
of the late Benjamon L. Seuthack; and Louise A. Seaman,
in the 22d year of her age.
Funeral will take place from her late residence, 121 Madison-ave, on Thursday, May 24, at 11 a. m.
It is kin dly requested that no flowers be sent. rment at Woodlawn.

## Special Notices.

A. Jaeckel, Manufacturer of Reliable Furs. The large increase in my business has made it necessary for me to extend my store and manufacturing facilities. I therefore beg to inform you that I have removed my place 11 EAST NINETEENTH STREET.

Between Broadway and 5th-ave., (opp. Arnold, Constable & Co.)

## The New Departure In Watches.

The New Departure In Watches.

Some readers may think Non-Magnetic Watches are needed only by men who labor among dynamos or other electrical machines, or that it is for these only that they possess special interest or value; but this is by no means the case. To all such workers the Pailuari's Pa

CALL AND EXAMINE THEM THEODORE B. STARR. FINE JEWELRY, PRECIOUS STONES, WATCHES 206 5TH-AVE. (MADISON SQUARE), Through to 1,126 Broadway.

Gedney's Steam Carpet Cleaning Works.—Carpets cleaned, scoured and packed moth-proof, and stored at reasonable rates. Office and storerooms, 1 564 Broadway. T. M. Stewart, Carpet Cleaning Works, 326 7711-AVE. Send for circulars. Tel. Call 126-21st st.

Post Office Notice. Ehould be read daily by all interested, as changes may occur at any time.

Letters for foreign countries need not be specially addressed for dispatch by any particular steamer, except when it is desired to send duplicates of banking and commercial documents, letters not specially addressed being sent by the fastest vessels available.

Foreign mails for the week ending May 26th, will close (promptly in all cases) at this office as follows:

the fastest vessels available.
Foreign mails for the weak ending May 20th, will close (promptly in all cases) at this office as follows:
THURSDAY—At 1:30 a. m. for Europe, per steamship Rugh, via Flymouth, Cherhostry and Hamburg; determine the decested "per Rugh"; at 11 a. m. for Europe, in the content of the content of

SUNDAY-At 3p. m. for Bluefields, per steamship Har-lan, from New-Orleans SUNDAY—At 5 p. m. for Eluchelds, per steamship Hap, Ian, from New-Orleans.

Mails for China and Japan per steamship City of Peking (from San Prancisco), close here May "23 at 7 p. m. Mails for the Society Islands, per ship Tabiti (from San Francisco), close here May "25, at 4 day p. m. Mails for Australia, New-Zealand, Hawajian, Fiji and Samean Islands, per steamship Alumeda (from San Prancisco) close here May "27 at 4:30 p. m. for on arrival at New-York of steamship Aurania with British mails for Australia, Mails for Caba, by Tall to Tampa, Pla, and thesce by steams, the Key West, Pla, close at this office daily 4:2:30 p. m.

The schedule of closing of Trans-Pacific mails is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrapted overland transit to San Francisco. Mails from the East arriving on time at San Francisco on the day of saling of steamers are dispatched thence the same day.

Post Office, N. Y., May 10, 1883.